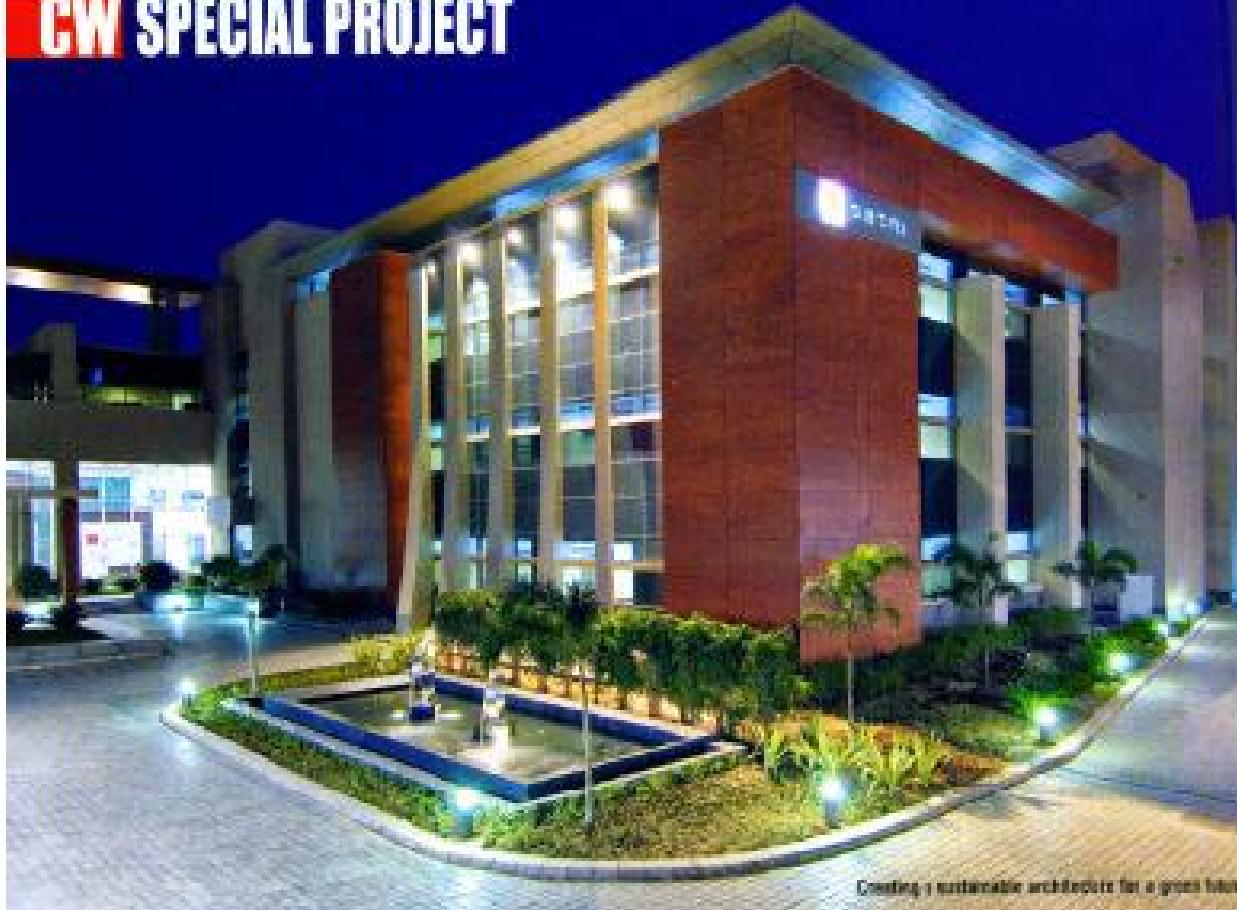


## CW SPECIAL PROJECT



Creating a sustainable architecture for a green future

# Touch of Green

Corporate houses are realising that going green is good for the health of the bottom line. Patni's green Knowledge Centre is a case in point, says JAYANTHI NARAYAN.

**C**orporate India is surely waking up to the benefits of green architecture, including significantly lower running costs and a better brand image. And Patni Companies has recently joined the bandwagon with its state-of-the-art green IT-BPO facility in Noida.

### Green theme

Designed on a green architecture theme, the new facility sprawled over 3 acres with a seating capacity of 3,400 in a single shift. Set up with an investment of Rs 175 crore (\$ 40 million), the project was completed in just 14 months. "This is a project from the bottom of my heart where we have integrated the skin and the soul of a building through environment-friendly concepts, materials and systems," says

Architect Videsh Bharadwaj. "This is aimed to create sustainable architecture at its best."

Sanjiv Kapoor, Senior Vice President and Head - Patni BPO, Patni, explains the concept, saying, "The green architecture of the Patni Knowledge Centre is inspired by the traditional, inward-looking 'Indian' haveli plan. It is designed keeping in view the movement of the sun to ensure that the building receives maximum natural light." A central courtyard acts as a micro-climate generator and reduces energy consumption. "The concept of the design takes us back into Indian traditional architecture which was designed around courtyards," adds Bharadwaj. "However, the clothes it wears is the projection of a very modern look and represents today and times to come."

The centre's integrated design and

### Going Green The Way Forward

AGBC acknowledged as one of the leaders in environment-friendly construction, India could surpass the United States within four years to become the country with the most space covered by green buildings, according to the agency that sets standards and certifies eco-friendly real estate development.

The Indian Green Building Council (IGBC), which today has about 100 million sq ft of green real estate registered with it, is targeting a nearly ten-fold increase in eco-friendly property development to a billion sq ft, the council's chairman Prem C Jain said. Modern technologies, including integrated building management systems (IBMS), would play a key role in the ensuring the success of the green building movement in India.

IBMS, which functions like a nerve centre, automates mechanical, electrical and security systems in large complexes and could prove an invaluable asset for eco-friendly property management. IBMS buildings will be provided with individual control by the building operator. "A single point of access will be available only through AGBC's IBMS system, which will have an intelligent interface that runs throughout the building and gives the operator complete control of all lighting, heating, air conditioning and other systems from a single control room."

"Green buildings are ecologically sustainable developments. In other words, companies that are the leaders in the industry are the ones that are greener after construction. We are striving to reduce our carbon footprint. IGBC is doing its best to educate developers to recycle air and water and use energy-efficient materials and technologies to reduce wastage and save precious resources. In the segment, we must learn from Singapore, for the island nation has been successful in its green building movement," Mr Jain observed.

The council's main emphasis in the Indian context is on water conservation. Water shortages are becoming a major concern in the world. According to Jain, the best solution is to conserve the resource and recycle used water. The building management system helps here. "Also, monitoring and managing energy usage is a big challenge."

"We have to make sure that the light bulb has to keep the heat out. As such we cover windows and end up using lights across the building. Which is why you need a building management system that controls daylight filtering and shading and also monitors the temperature. A room is sufficient. From a user's perspective, any automated system will help reduce energy bills."

From a larger environmental perspective, we end up using more steel, glass and concrete than required. Training professionals in energy modelling is the way forward," he said.

Reducing our dependency on man-made materials like steel, cement and glass is the key to eco-friendly development," said Sheetal Rakheja, a leading architect and green building consultant. Green buildings, however, are usually different in design, would take longer to conceptualise, argue many developers. According to Pankaj Dharkar of Pankaj Dharkar & Associates, an architect with over 20 years of experience, the need of experienced architects to understand the various architectural elements and nuances of energy modelling associated with green buildings.

"For instance, there are close to 70 different documents that one needs to go through to get a green certification. And that is a specialized agency to carry out energy modelling.

As such the design for a green building needs to stretch for a longer duration," he said. Lai Wing Sin, general manager of GETC Asia, added:

"Heating, ventilation and air-conditioning equipment that can all day inside large campuses are environmentally problematic, too. IBMS can help in insuring indoor air quality. Developers can do this by controlling the sequencing of equipment."

"Indoor air quality is a serious concern today. The easier it is to see, fresh when we enter work, but the quality drops drastically by the end of the day. Building management systems use a carbon dioxide monitor to check the levels of the gas and decide whether to turn on the ducts and fans," he said.

The usage of IBMS in green buildings in India is the first large-scale deployment of a building management system was at America's space agency NASA. In the late '90s, with NASA gearing up to send a man to the moon, it employed consultants to design an IBMS for all of its buildings. Mr Jain is a member of the NASA team.

And the costs of installing hi-tech building management systems in India are much lower now. For instance, what would cost it 8-10 years ago, will cost you Rs 60-lakh now, Mr Jain said.

"It is a much easier convert to green buildings on the planet into green buildings. These days, we have to invest in any new power generation project, because the power generation capacity across the world would be sufficient to power future development."

Dr Prem C Jain, chairman, IGBC and CMD, Spectral Services

that consume less amounts of precious natural resources."

"I only wish we could use more solar energy in powering our buildings. Photovoltaic cells are still not cheap for us to go in for massive solar farms. But there is a lot of potential in India to meet the country's energy demand, both present and future," he added.

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### Talent Shortage May Stunt Green-Building Movement's Growth

**A**S THE green building movement is really gathering momentum with growing numbers of real-estate developers adopting eco-friendly construction methods, it is trying to overcome a major shortage in green-energy professionals. The Indian Green Building Council (IGBC) - the model body for eco-friendly construction - has some 190 buildings registered with it for certification and is drawing up plans to try and overcome the shortage, said Dr Prem C Jain, the council's chairman. He was giving a seminar on Green Buildings in India: challenges ahead, organised by Zicom CNA Automation Ltd and The Economic Times.

In his talk, Dr Jain proposed to train a

team of architects from each real estate firm in eco-friendly design and construction. The council is also working with the Bureau of Energy Efficiency (BEE) to armwave specialised green-energy courses in schools and colleges. The session was moderated by Ashish Rakheja,

president, ISHRAE and director of Spectral Services, who managed to extract insightful responses from all the esteemed panelists.

"The green building movement is here to stay. There is also a need for green architecture practices, using methods that were locally available. That is why we began aping the West and now use more steel, glass and concrete than required. Training professionals in energy modelling is the way forward," he said.

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Left to right: Ashish Rakheja, president, ISHRAE and director, Spectral Services; Dr Prem C Jain, chairman, IGBC and chairman and managing director, Spectral Services; Sheetal Rakheja, partner, Design and Development, KPS Bansal, managing director, Air Treatment Engineering Pvt Ltd, Pankaj Dharkar, managing director, Pankaj Dharkar & Associates; Lai Wing Sin, general manager, GETC Asia and Paul Jordan, chief technology officer, American Auto Matrix

realise that they stand to gain from improved indoor air quality and the reduction in their electricity bills. "Then there is also fact that you are showing some environmental responsibility. So when a number of people build green buildings, those who don't tend to stand out." Both in America and India, there is a market for green buildings. "People are willing to pay more if they can be convinced that their savings are high and hence, profits are higher when they move into a green buildings. Energy, energy savings, cost reduction, contributions to repeating costs and to manage such efficiently green-friendly integrated building," he said.

Mr Jain observed that the cost of a building per square foot is higher than that of a regular building. "But the cost of energy, additional cost of maintenance, value of green buildings, especially green buildings in India are very high," he said.

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